### SỞ GD&ĐT HẢI DƯƠNG TRƯ**ỜNG THPT CHUYỀN** NGUYỄN TRÃI

### KỲ THI NĂNG KHIẾU LẦN THỨ 2 NĂM HỌC 2022-2023 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10 A1

Ngày thi: 14/11/2022

Mã đề:101

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answe	er sheet to indicate the cor	rect answer to each of the
following questions.	1.1.	1
Question 1: Many young people in rural areas		
parents. Therefore, they decide to l	leave their nome villages to	find well – paid jobs in the
fast - growing industrial zones.	C 4- 1-4-	D: 1
A. long –term B. weather-beaten		D. wide-ranging
Question 2: He tried to avoid my quest	ions.	D 1
A. answering B. answer		D. answered
Question 3: If I had time, I shopping with		D 111
A. went B. will go	C. would go	D. would have gone
Question 4: This house is said in t	he 19 <sup>th</sup> century.	5.1.1.1.11.
A. to build B. to be built		D. being built
<b>Question 5:</b> He wanted to know whose car I had	borrowed	
A. the last evening B. last night	C. yesterday evening	D. the previous night
Question 6: She lunch by the time we a	arrived.	
A. finished B. had finished		
Question 7: Nobody will receive a check on Fri	day because the wrong cards	were put into the computer
accident.		
A. in B. on	C. by	
Question 8: There is no doubt that a language	throughout the world	l would do much to bring
countries closer to each other.  A. commonly using  B. is		
A. commonly using B. is	s commonly used	
C. was commonly used D. c	•	
Question 9: he arrived at the bus		
A. No sooner had B. Hardly had		
<b>Question 10:</b> My father still hasn't really	_ the death of my mother.	
A. look after B. taken after		
<b>Question 11:</b> In a formal interview, it is essential		
A. contact B. touch		D. connection
<b>Question 12:</b> Don't worry. He'll do the job as	as possible.	
A. economizing B. economi		D. economically
<b>Question 13:</b> Members of my family share the _		
A. homework B. hometown		D. housework
<b>Question 14:</b> "We'd better if we want to ge		
A. take up B. turn down	C. speed up	D. put down
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the sentence	that best completes each of
the following exchanges.		
Question 15: "Would you say that English is a g	lobal language?" – "	;; _ •
A. Yes, it has.	B. I like it.	
C. I don't understand the difference.	D. Oh, absolutely.	
Question 16: - "You're already leaving? The ba	all is only starting."	
- "But it's very late, so		
A. take care	B. goodbye for now	
C. have a good day	D. It's great fun, thanks	

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 17 to 21.

Have you ever felt a sudden feeling of joy because you heard a favorite song playing? Then you know that music can have a strong effect on your emotions. Try to take advantage of this power of music. It can help get you out of a bad mood or stay in a good mood, says Alicia Ann Clair, professor of music therapy at the University of Kansas. Music can also help you relax and feel rejuvenated.

To cheer up or boost your energy, listen to Latin music or anything with a strong beat, lots of percussion, and a fast tempo. When you want to relax after a busy day, music with string instruments and woodwinds, less percussion, and a slower tempo can calm you.

Listen to calming music before you start any stressful activities, advises Dr. Clair. "Once you're in a good state of mind, it's easier to maintain it." You can lower stress at work with music, too, by playing relaxing tunes. But only play them when you really need them. You can change your mood by switching

from one kind of music to anot	her. For example, first	st play some nice gent	le ballads, and then listen to
something more energetic. When	-		
	(Adapted from	n Strategic Reading by 1	Richards and Eckstut-Didier)
Question 17. What is the passage	ge mainly about?		
A. The importance of listenin	g to music	B. New ways to lister	n to music
C. Benefits of listening to mu	sic	D. The connection be	etween music and moods
Question 18. Which of the follo	wing is <b>NOT</b> mention	ned in paragraph 1 as a l	benefit of listening to music?
A. It can help you relax.		B. It can make you fe	eel more energetic.
C. It can cheer you up.		± •	ncentrate on your study.
Question 19. The word 'calm' i		_	somebody more
	busy	C. worried	D. intelligent
Question 20. The word 'them'		0	
	ballads	C. relaxing tunes	D. instruments
Question 21. Which of the follo			
A. Music with a strong beat c			
B. It's a good idea to listen to	_		ork.
C. You should play relaxing t		_	
D. You can change your feeli	ngs by switching mus	ic.	
Marsh die Leure A. D. C. en D. e.		4 - 1 - 1 4 - 41 1 1	1 1
Mark the letter A, B, C or D or from the other three in the posit	•		
Question 22: A. extended	B. ungrateful	C. elderly	D. enormous
Question 23: A. stimulate	B. skeleton	C. elderry C. pyramid	D. digestive
Question 23. A. stimulate	D. SKCICIOII	C. pyrannu	D. digestive
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on	vour answer sheet to	indicate the word who	se underlined nart differs
from the other three in pronunc			se unacrimea part aijjers
Question 24: A. intestine	B. mind.	C. spine	D. reliable
Question 25: A. almond	B. ses <u>a</u> me	C. avocado	D. massage
<b>Question 200</b> 111 <u>u</u>	2. 505 <u>u</u> 0	0. u.	2 ·
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on	vour answer sheet to	indicate the underline	ed part that needs correction
in each of the following questio			1
Question 26: When you've finish		alim 4h ann 4a a ath an am à	I hand it in to ma
$\frac{\overline{\mathbf{A}}}{\mathbf{A}}$		, cup them together and	i nanu it in to inc.
Question 27: My boss doesn't a	your work sheets	, cup them together and C	
	•	$\overline{\mathbf{C}}$	D
<u> </u>	•	$\overline{\mathbf{C}}$	D
$\mathbf{A}$	llow us <u>to use</u> the mol	bile phone or eating in t	D the office.
Question 28: We've got a terrification B	llow us <u>to use</u> the mol	bile phone or eating in t	D the office.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 29 to 36.

A few years ago I moved with my family from the city to the country, and we now live in an old farmhouse on the edge of a village. The house itself was built in the 1800s and looks like something out of a novel. It's an old stone house with very thick walls. These walls make the house slow to heat up in the winter, so we always have a fire in the living room fire place in the winter months. And it is always cool inside in the summer – too cool, actually, as the English summers never get that warm!

For an old house, the ceilings are quite high, but they are also thin. They are just the wooden floors of the upstairs rooms. When the lights are on in the kitchen, they shine through the floorboards into the bedroom above! And when you walk around upstairs, you can hear every step downstairs. Downstairs, the floor are made of black stone and are old and uneven. In fact, the whole house isn't straight. If you put a ball in the middle of the dining room, it rolls immediately into the far right-hand corner.

The best thing about the house is the living room. It is a lovely, light room and I can spend hours looking out of the window. The view is made even more interesting because the window has the original glass in it, and each small pane of glass is different and **alters** the view outside. From the sofa you can look straight into the garden, and to the fields beyond. The scene is always changing and there is always something to see, including lots of different wildlife.

It has taken me a while to appreciate this view, though. For a long time I missed the noise and the **bustle** of city life. I preferred to see people, shops and buses on my way to school, not fields and trees. And it took me a long while to be able to sleep well at night – it was too quiet! Now I've got used to country life. I cycle everywhere and I like the space and freedom. But I never wait too long before going back and visiting my old friends in the city!

<b>Question 29:</b> The old farmhouse			
A. was built by the narrator's family.	B. takes a very long ti	me to get warm.	
C. is better for the summer than for the winter.	D. was described in a book a long time ago.		
<b>Question 30:</b> Inside the farmhouse			
A. the stairs make a lot of noise.	B. there are very interest	esting lights.	
C. the floors upstairs aren't very thick.	D. there's enough room	m to play ball games.	
Question 31: Which is true about the living room	1?		
A. The window is good for observing animals.			
B. It's a bit dark as the windows are very small.			
C. The window had to be changed recently.			
D. Each window looks out onto different scenery.			
Question 32: The narrator			
A. sleeps only a few hours a day.	B. used to like the city	sights and sounds.	
C. wanted to move here for the views.	D. can't wait to move	back to the city.	
Question 33: According to the text, the narrator	·		
A. is planning to move back to the city.			
B. has got used to living in the country but doesn'	t feel happy.		
C. enjoys the life in the country now.			
D. still prefers the city life.			
Question 34: The highlighted word "alters" in the	ne passage is closest in me	eaning to	
<b>5</b> •	C. transforms	D. presents	
Question 35: The highlighted word "bustle" in the	he passage is closest in m	eaning to	
A. quietness B. a busy manner	C. peacefulness	D. relaxation	
Question 36: What is the overall tone of the readi	ing text?		
A. critical B. nostalgic	C. ironic	D. descriptive	
Read the following passage and mark the lette	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ate the
correct word or phrase that best fits each of the i	•		
Technology will allow homes in the future			
other and with you. Your stove, for instance, will	I tell you (37)	your food is cooked and	1 ready
to eat. The technology is possible (38)			
People already use them to keep track of pets and		-	
about (39) the items in your cabinets.			
each item. Other devices will "read" this informat	tion using radio waves. V	vnen you need more foo	a, your
cabinets will tell you to buy it.  In a smart home, you won't have to rena	-14	:11 (40)	at. 14-1
in a smart nome, you won't have to rena	ami ine walls - ine walls	. wiii (40) — — he	digital

screens, like computer or TV screens. The technology is called OLED and it's here already. A computer

computer "brai	ink these walls with in" will control your n about your likes and	entire house	. It will al	so (41) e that knowle	to your prefere	nces. Your vironment.
Question 37: Question 38: Question 39: Question 40: Question 41:	A. because A. all A. definitely	B. how B. because of B. every B. really B. fit		C. who C. instead of C. any C. actually C. apply	D. each D. complete	
Mark the letter the underlined Question 42: "A. light Question 43: "A. behaving nit Mark the letter underlined woo Question 44: "A. changed con C. destroyed co	TA, B, C or D on your word(s) in each of the The table is too heave B. easy That is a well-behave B. behaving clar A, B, Cor D on your rd(s) in each of the form whole village was impletely	r answer she be following of of for me to me ed boy whose everly r answer she dlowing ques wiped out in	questions. nove alone. C. old be behaviour C. good et to indic stions. n the bomb B. clear D. remo	the the word(some the word(som	D. bulky to complain about." D. behaving impro	operly ning to the
each of the fold Question 46: A. A. Peter is talled B. Peter is the stalled C. Peter is the stalled D. Peter is more Question 47: Stalled A. If you are at B. The more you C. The more at D. You should Question 48: A. A. She had alw	r A, B, C or D on you lowing questions. No one in the class is one than in the class. It tallest in the class. It tall in the class is the tall than in the class. It is to a mass qualification are able to a mass qualification are able to a mass qualification are able to a mass q	. ic field depertions, you wiqualifications, other expections and her expections.	er.  ads on your ill succeed the more sherwise you tation. B. Her ex	ability to an to learn acad successful yo success you a u will succee	nass qualifications.  The mic fields.  The will be in the acade of the chieve in the academic field in the academic field in the on her success.	mic field. c field.
of sentences in Question 49: A. Not until I h. B. When havin C. After having D. Before I rea Question 50: V. A. We didn't w. B. We didn't w. C. We didn't w.	the following question of the following left home did I realized following following the following following the following	lized how much ze how much amily meant to min the river er, where looker, in which looker, in which looker, in which looker, in which looker.	ch my fam ch my family my family to me did I r. It looked oked very d looked very	ily meant to raily meant to ray meant to me meant to me leave home. very dirty. lirty. irty.	<i>ne</i> . ne. e.	r each pair

----- THE END -----

### SỞ GD&ĐT HẢI DƯƠNG TRƯ**ỜNG THPT CHUYÊN** NGUY**ĒN TRÃI**

### KỲ THI NĂNG KHIẾU LẦN THỨ 2 NĂM HỌC 2022-2023 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10 A1

Ngày thi: 14/11/2022

Mã đề:201

Mark the letter A, B, C or D of from the other three in the post	•		2 00
Question 1: A. extended			
Question 2: A. stimulate			
Question 2. A. stilliulate	D. SKeletoli	C. pyrannu	D. digestive
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on from the other three in pronun			nderlined part differs
<b>Question 3:</b> A. intestine	B. mind.	C. spine	D. reliable
Question 3: A. intestine Question 4: A. almond	B. sesame	C. avocado	D. massage
Mark the letter $\overline{A}$ , $\overline{B}$ , $\overline{C}$ , or $\overline{B}$	on your answer she	et to indicate the correct	t answer to each of the
following auestions.			v
Question 5: This house is said	in the 19 <sup>t</sup>	<sup>h</sup> century.	
A. to build B	. to be built C	. to have been built	D. being built
Question 6: He tried to avoid _			C
A. answering B	answer C	. to answer	D. answered
Question 7: Nobody will receive	ve a check on Friday be	ecause the wrong cards we	ere put into the computer
accident.	, and a second second	8	T
A. in B	on C	C. by	D. of
Question 8: Many young peo			
parents. Therefore			
fast - growing industrial zones.	, <b>.</b>		r · · · · J · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2 2	3. weather-beaten C	C. up to date.	D. wide-ranging
Question 9: He wanted to know			8 8
A. the last evening	B. last night C	C. yesterday evening	D. the previous night
Question 10: She lund			- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		C. has finished	D. finishing
Question 11: If I had time, I			_ · ·6
A. went	B. will go	C. would go	D. would have gone
Question 12: There is no doubt			
countries closer to each other			, out at mount to oring
A. commonly using C. was commonly used	B. is com	monly used	
C. was commonly used	D. commo	only used	
Question 13: he	e arrived at the bus stop	when the bus came.	
A. No sooner had E		C. Not until had	D. Hardly has
Question 14: My father still ha			
		C. recovered from	D. gone off
Question 15: In a formal interv			_
_		C. link	D. connection
Question 16: "We'd better			D. connection
		C. speed up	D. put down
Question 17: Members of my f			= · P *** ***
		C. household	D. housework
Question 18: Don't worry. He'			D. HOUSEWOIK
A. economizing	_		D. economically
	2		

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 19 to 23.

Have you ever felt a sudden feeling of joy because you heard a favorite song playing? Then you know that music can have a strong effect on your emotions. Try to take advantage of this power of music. It can help get you out of a bad mood or stay in a good mood, says Alicia Ann Clair, professor of music therapy at the University of Kansas. Music can also help you relax and feel rejuvenated.

To cheer up or boost your energy, listen to Latin music or anything with a strong beat, lots of percussion, and a fast tempo. When you want to relax after a busy day, music with string instruments and woodwinds, less percussion, and a slower tempo can **calm** you.

Listen to calming music before you start any stressful activities, advises Dr. Clair. "Once you're in a good state of mind, it's easier to maintain it." You can lower stress at work with music, too, by playing relaxing tunes. But only play them when you really need **them.** You can change your mood by switching from one kind of music to another. For example, first play some nice gentle ballads, and then listen to something more energetic. When you want to calm down after a busy week at work, just do the opposite.

(Adapted from Strategic Reading by Richards and Eckstut-Didier)

<b>Question 19.</b> What is the passage mainly	bout?
A. The importance of listening to music	B. New ways to listen to music
C. Benefits of listening to music	D. The connection between music and moods
Question 20. Which of the following is N	OT mentioned in paragraph 1 as a benefit of listening to music?
A. It can help you relax.	B. It can make you feel more energetic.
C. It can cheer you up.	D. It can help you concentrate on your study.
Question 21. The word 'calm' in paragraphy	h 2 is closest in meaning to make somebody more
A. relaxed B. busy	C. worried D. intelligent
Question 22. The word 'them' in paragra	oh 3 refers to
A. activities B. ballads	C. relaxing tunes D. instruments
Question 23. Which of the following is N	OT true, according to the passage?
A. Music with a strong beat can make	ou happier.
B. It's a good idea to listen to gentle m	sic before you do some stressful work.
C. You should play relaxing tunes at al	
D. You can change your feelings by sw	tching music.
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your ans	wer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of
the following exchanges.	-
Question 24: "Would you say that English	is a global language?" – "".
A. Yes, it has.	B. I like it.
C. I don't understand the difference.	D. Oh, absolutely.
Question 25: - "You're already leaving?	The ball is only starting."
- "But it's very late, so	
A. take care	B. goodbye for now
C. have a good day	D. It's great fun, thanks

### Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 26 to 33.

A few years ago I moved with my family from the city to the country, and we now live in an old farmhouse on the edge of a village. The house itself was built in the 1800s and looks like something out of a novel. It's an old stone house with very thick walls. These walls make the house slow to heat up in the winter, so we always have a fire in the living room fire place in the winter months. And it is always cool inside in the summer – too cool, actually, as the English summers never get that warm!

For an old house, the ceilings are quite high, but they are also thin. They are just the wooden floors of the upstairs rooms. When the lights are on in the kitchen, they shine through the floorboards into the bedroom above! And when you walk around upstairs, you can hear every step downstairs. Downstairs, the floor are made of black stone and are old and uneven. In fact, the whole house isn't straight. If you put a ball in the middle of the dining room, it rolls immediately into the far right-hand corner.

The best thing about the house is the living room. It is a lovely, light room and I can spend hours looking out of the window. The view is made even more interesting because the window has the original glass in it, and each small pane of glass is different and **alters** the view outside. From the sofa you can look straight into the garden, and to the fields beyond. The scene is always changing and there is always something to see, including lots of different wildlife.

It has taken me a while to appreciate this view, though. For a long time I missed the noise and the **bustle** of city life. I preferred to see people, shops and buses on my way to school, not fields and trees. And it took me a long while to be able to sleep well at night – it was too quiet! Now I've got used to country life. I cycle everywhere and I like the space and freedom. But I never wait too long before going back and visiting my old friends in the city!

back and visiting my old	friends in the city!		
Question 26: The old fa	rmhouse		
A. was built by the narra	tor's family.	B. takes a very long	g time to get warm.
C. is better for the summ	er than for the winter.	D. was described in	a book a long time ago.
Question 27: Inside the	farmhouse		
A. the stairs make a lot of		B. there are very int	teresting lights.
C. the floors upstairs are	n't very thick.	D. there's enough re	oom to play ball games.
Question 28: Which is		_	
A. The window is good f	_		
B. It's a bit dark as the w	indows are very small.		
C. The window had to be	e changed recently.		
D. Each window looks o			
Question 29: The narrat	•		
A. sleeps only a few hou	rs a day.	B. used to like the c	city sights and sounds.
C. wanted to move here	for the views.	D. can't wait to mo	ve back to the city.
Question 30: According	g to the text, the narrator		·
A. is planning to move b			
B. has got used to living	in the country but doesn't	't feel happy.	
C. enjoys the life in the c		110	
D. still prefers the city li	fe.		
Question 31: The highli	ghted word "alters" in the	ne passage is closest in	meaning to
A. holds	B. enjoys		D. presents
Question 32: The highli	ghted word "bustle" in t	he passage is closest in	
A. quietness		C. peacefulness	D. relaxation
Question 33: What is the	e overall tone of the read	ing text?	
A. critical	B. nostalgic	C. ironic	D. descriptive
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the und	erlined part that needs correction
in each of the following	questions.		
Question 34: When you	've finished your work sl	heets, clip them togethe	er <u>and</u> hand <u>it</u> in to me.
$\mathbf{A}$	В		$\mathbf{C}$ $\mathbf{D}$
Question 35: My boss d	oesn't allow us to use the	e mobile phone or eatin	<u>ig in the office</u> .
	A B	C	<b>D</b>
Question 36: We've got	a terrific amount of wor	k <u>to do</u> today.	
$\frac{\mathbf{A}}{\mathbf{A}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{B}}$ $\overline{\mathbf{C}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{D}}$	
0 2	9	, , ,	our answer sheet to indicate the
correct word or phrase t			
			ances will communicate with each
other and with you. You	r stove, for instance, wil	ll tell you (37)	your food is cooked and ready

In a smart home, you won't have to repaint the walls. The walls will (40) \_\_\_\_\_ be digital screens, like computer or TV screens. The technology is called OLED and it's here already. A computer

each item. Other devices will "read" this information using radio waves. When you need more food, your

cabinets will tell you to buy it.

to eat. The technology is possible (38) \_\_\_\_\_ tiny information-storing devices called RFID1 chips. People already use them to keep track of pets and farm animals. Future RFID chips will store information

the items in your cabinets. For example, they will record the date that you bought

network will link these walls with computer "brain" will control your house will learn about your likes and	entire house. It will	also (41)	to your preferences. You edge to control the environment.
O 4° 27 A 41 4	D 1	C 1	(Adapted from Complete Advanced
Question 37: A. that	B. how	C. who	D. when
	B. because of	C. instead of	1
•	B. every	C. any	D. each
•	B. really	C. actually	¥ •
Question 41: A. access	B. fit	C. apply	D. adapt
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your the underlined word(s) in each of the	e following question	es.	(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to
Question 42: "The table is too heavy			- · ·
A. light B. easy	C. ol		D. bulky
<b>Question 43:</b> "That is a well-behave			
A. behaving nice B. behaving cle			
Mark the letter A, B, Cor D on your	r answer sheet to inc	licate the word	(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the
underlined word(s) in each of the fo	llowing questions.		
<b>Question 44:</b> The whole village was	wiped out in the bo	mbing raids.	
A. changed completely	B. cl	eaned well	
C. destroyed completely	D. re	moved quickly	
<b>Question 45:</b> A brief outline of the comeeting.	ourse and bibliograp	hy were <u>hande</u>	<b>d</b> out to the students at the first
A. discarded B. showed up	C di	stributed	D. contributed
71. discarded B. showed up	C. di	strouted	D. contributed
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your of sentences in the following question Question 46: I left home. Then I real A. Not until I had left home did I realized B. When having left home did I realized. After having left home did I realized. After having left home did I realized. Before I realized how much my fare Question 47: We didn't want to swim in the rived B. We didn't want to swim in the rived C. We didn't want to swim in the rived D. We di	lized how much my far lize how much my far ze how much my far the how much my far amily meant to me di m in the river. It look er, where looked ver er, which looked ver er, in which looked ver er, that looked very of	amily meant to a mily meant to maily dirty. It dirty.	me. me. ne. ne.
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your each of the following questions.  Question 48: No one in the class is at A. Peter is taller than in the class.  B. Peter is the tallest in the class.  C. Peter is the most tall in the class.  D. Peter is more tall than in the class.  Question 49: Success in the academic A. If you are able to amass qualificate B. The more you are able to amass qualificate C. The more able you are to amass qualificate D. You should be able to amass qualification 50: Her success went beyon A. She had always expected success.  C. She had expected that she would so	is tall as Peter.  ic field depends on your one of the more of the	our ability to ared to learn acadere successful your success you are success you are success you will succees	mass qualifications. emic fields. ou will be in the academic field. achieve in the academic field. ed in the academic field.

----- THE END -----

### SỞ GD&ĐT HẢI DƯƠNG TRƯỜNG THPT CHUYÊN NGUYÊN TRÃI

KỲ THI NĂNG KHIẾU LẦN THỨ 2 NĂM HỌC 2022-2023 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10 A1

Ngày thi: 14/11/2022

Mã đề: 301

Mark the letter A, B, C o	or D on your answer she	et to indicate the sentence tha	it best completes each of
the following exchanges.	·		-
Question 1: "Would you	say that English is a glob	oal language?" – "".	
<ul><li>A. Yes, it has.</li><li>C. I don't understand the</li></ul>		B. I like it.	
C. I don't understand the	difference.	D. Oh, absolutely.	
Question 2: - "You're al			
- "But it's	very late, so	."	
A taka cara		R goodhya for now	
C. have a good day		D. It's great fun, thanks	
Mark the letter A, B, C	, or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the correct	t answer to each of the
following questions.	•		v
Question 3: "We'd better	if we want to get t	here in time."	
A. take up	B. turn down	C. speed up	D. put down
		oorrowed	-
		C. yesterday evening	D. the previous night
Question 5: If I had time,	=		1
A. went	B. will go	C. would go	D. would have gone
Question 6: This house is	s said in the	e 19 <sup>th</sup> century.	C
A. to build	B. to be built	C. to have been built	D. being built
Question 7: He tried to a			C
	B. answer		D. answered
		top when the bus came.	
		C. Not until had	D. Hardly has
		ay because the wrong cards we	
accident.			1
A in	B. on	C. by	D. of
Ouestion 10: There is no	doubt that a language	throughout the world v	would do much to bring
countries closer to each o	ther.		8
	ng B. is o	commonly used	
C. was commonly	used D. co	mmonly used	
Question 11: She			
A. finished	B. had finished	C. has finished	D. finishing
		the death of my mother.	
A. look after	B. taken after	C. recovered from	D. gone off
		to maintain good eye with	_
A. contact	B. touch	C. link	D. connection
Question 14: Don't worr			B. connection
A. economizing	B. economic	C. economical	D. economically
Question 15: Members o			D. cconomicany
A. homework	B. hometown	C. household	D. housework
		don't want to spend their live	
parents. The	erefore, they decide to le	eave their home villages to fine	
fast - growing industrial z		C um to data	D wilds man - !
A. long –term	B. weather-beaten	C. up to date.	D. wide-ranging

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 17 to 21.

Have you ever felt a sudden feeling of joy because you heard a favorite song playing? Then you know that music can have a strong effect on your emotions. Try to take advantage of this power of music. It can help get you out of a bad mood or stay in a good mood, says Alicia Ann Clair, professor of music therapy at the University of Kansas. Music can also help you relax and feel rejuvenated.

To cheer up or boost your energy, listen to Latin music or anything with a strong beat, lots of percussion, and a fast tempo. When you want to relax after a busy day, music with string instruments and woodwinds, less percussion, and a slower tempo can calm you.

Listen to calming music before you start any stressful activities, advises Dr. Clair. "Once you're in a good state of mind, it's easier to maintain it." You can lower stress at work with music, too, by playing relaxing tunes. But only play them when you really need them. You can change your mood by switching

from one kind of music to anot	ther. For example, first	st play some nice gentle	e ballads, and then listen to
something more energetic. When	•	•	
	(Adapted from	Strategic Reading by R	Richards and Eckstut-Didier
Question 17. What is the passage	ge mainly about?		
A. The connection between n	nusic and moods	B. New ways to listen	to music
C. Benefits of listening to mu	ısic	D. The importance of	listening to music
Question 18. Which of the follo	wing is NOT mention	ed in paragraph 1 as a b	enefit of listening to music?
A. It can help you relax.		B. It can help you con	centrate on your study.
C. It can cheer you up.		D. It can make you fee	el more energetic.
Question 19. The word 'calm'	in paragraph 2 is closes	st in meaning to make so	omebody more .
	busy	C. worried	D. relaxed
Question 20. The word 'them'	in paragraph 3 refers to	o .	
	ballads	C. relaxing tunes	D. instruments
Question 21. Which of the follo	wing is NOT true, acc	ording to the passage?	
A. You should play relaxing			
B. It's a good idea to listen to		•	ork.
C. Music with a strong beat c	-		
D. You can change your feeli		ic.	
2 3			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on	i your answer sheet to	indicate the underline	d part that needs correction
in each of the following questio	•		•
Question 22: When you've finis		, clip them together and	hand it in to me.
$\frac{\overline{\mathbf{A}}}{\mathbf{A}}$		$\frac{1}{C}$	$\overline{\overline{\mathbf{D}}}$
Question 23: My boss doesn't a	allow us to use the mob	oile phone or eating in the	ne office.
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	$\frac{1}{C}$	D
Question 24: We've got a terrif	ic amount of work to d	lo today.	
${\mathbf{A}} \mathcal{S}  {\mathbf{B}}$	$\overline{C}$ $\overline{D}$	_ ,	
Mark the letter A, B, C or D or	n vour answer sheet t	o indicate the word wh	ose underlined part differs
from the other three in the posi			
Question 25: A. extended	B. ungrateful	C. elderly	D. enormous
Question 26: A. stimulate	B. skeleton	C. pyramid	D. digestive
		- · r ) - · · · · ·	8
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on	vour answer sheet to	indicate the word whos	e underlined part differs
from the other three in pronunc			e unaerunea part aigjers
Question 27: A. reliable	B. m <u>i</u> nd.	C. sp <u>i</u> ne	D. intestine
Question 28: A. almond	B. sesame	C. avocado	D. massage
Read the following passage an	<del>-</del>	_	
correct answer to each of the qu			Siver to municule me
<i>v</i> 1	v		, and we now live in an old
TITON JOUIS USO I MOVO	ui iiij iuiiiiij iioii	or	,

farmhouse on the edge of a village. The house itself was built in the 1800s and looks like something out of a novel. It's an old stone house with very thick walls. These walls make the house slow to heat up in the winter, so we always have a fire in the living room fire place in the winter months. And it is always

cool inside in the summer – too cool, actually, as the English summers never get that warm!

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For an old house, the ceilings are quite high, but they are also thin. They are just the wooden floors of the upstairs rooms. When the lights are on in the kitchen, they shine through the floorboards into the bedroom above! And when you walk around upstairs, you can hear every step downstairs. Downstairs, the floor are made of black stone and are old and uneven. In fact, the whole house isn't straight. If you put a ball in the middle of the dining room, it rolls immediately into the far right-hand corner.

The best thing about the house is the living room. It is a lovely, light room and I can spend hours looking out of the window. The view is made even more interesting because the window has the original glass in it, and each small pane of glass is different and **alters** the view outside. From the sofa you can look straight into the garden, and to the fields beyond. The scene is always changing and there is always something to see, including lots of different wildlife.

It has taken me a while to appreciate this view, though. For a long time I missed the noise and the **bustle** of city life. I preferred to see people, shops and buses on my way to school, not fields and trees. And it took me a long while to be able to sleep well at night – it was too quiet! Now I've got used to country life. I cycle everywhere and I like the space and freedom. But I never wait too long before going back and visiting my old friends in the city!

<b>Question 29:</b> The old farmhouse		
A. was built by the narrator's family.	B. takes a very long time to g	et warm.
C. is better for the summer than for the winter.	D. was described in a book a	long time ago.
<b>Question 30:</b> Inside the farmhouse		
A. the stairs make a lot of noise.	B. there are very interesting l	ights.
C. the floors upstairs aren't very thick.	D. there's enough room to pla	ay ball games.
<b>Question 31:</b> Which is true about the living room?		, ,
A. The window is good for observing animals.		
B. It's a bit dark as the windows are very small.		
C. The window had to be changed recently.		
D. Each window looks out onto different scenery.		
Question 32: The narrator		
A. sleeps only a few hours a day.	B. used to like the city sights	and sounds.
C. wanted to move here for the views.	D. can't wait to move back to	
<b>Question 33:</b> According to the text, the narrator		<b>.</b>
A. is planning to move back to the city.		
B. has got used to living in the country but doesn't f	feel happy.	
C. enjoys the life in the country now.		
D. still prefers the city life.		
Question 34: The highlighted word "alters" in the	passage is closest in meaning	to .
	C. transforms	D. presents
Question 35: The highlighted word "bustle" in the		*
A. quietness B. a busy manner		D. relaxation
Question 36: What is the overall tone of the reading		
A. critical B. nostalgic		D. descriptive
Read the following passage and mark the letter	A. B. C or D on vour answ	er sheet to indicate the
correct word or phrase that best fits each of the nu	The state of the s	
Technology will allow homes in the future t	v	
other and with you. Your stove, for instance, will t		
to eat. The technology is possible (38)		
People already use them to keep track of pets and fa		
about (39) the items in your cabinets. For		3
each item. Other devices will "read" this information	<u> </u>	•
cabinets will tell you to buy it.		1000, 5001
In a smart home, you won't have to repair	nt the walls. The walls will (4	40) be digital

screens, like computer or TV screens. The technology is called OLED and it's here already. A computer network will link these walls with everything else in your house. Called "ambient intelligence," this

				to your preferences. You
house will learn	n about your likes and	l dislikes. It will	then use that know	ledge to control the environment.
Overtion 27.	A that	B. how	C. who	(Adapted from Complete Advanced D. when
Question 37:		B. because of	C. who	
Question 38:				1
Question 39:		B. every	C. any	D. each
Question 40:		B. really	C. actually	± •
Question 41:	A. access	B. fit	C. apply	D. adapt
Mark the letter	A, B, C or D on you	r answer sheet t	o indicate the word	l(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to
	word(s) in each of th			
Question 42: "	The table is too <b>heav</b>	y for me to move	e alone."	
A. light	B. easy		C. old	D. bulky
Question 43: "	That is a <b>well-behave</b>	ed boy whose be	haviour has nothing	g to complain about."
A. behaving nic				D. behaving improperly
Mark the letter				d(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the
	rd(s) in each of the fo			. ,
	The whole village was			
	ged completely		B. cleaned v	vell
	oyed completely		D. removed	
<b>Question 45:</b> A		course and biblic		ed out to the students at the first
meeting. A. discarded	B. showed up	1	C. distributed	D. contributed
	•			
Mark the letter	A, B, C or D on you	r answer sheet i	to indicate the sent	ence that is closest in meaning to
each of the fold	lowing questions.			
Question 46: H	Her success went beyo	nd her expectati	on.	
A. She had alw	ays expected success.	В.	Her expectation w	as not on her success.
	ected that she would s		Never had she exp	ected success.
-	Success in the academ		-	
	ole to amass qualificat			
•	-	•		ou will be in the academic field.
•	-		•	achieve in the academic field.
	-		•	ed in the academic field.
	No one in the class is a		wise you will succe	ed in the deddenine field.
•	er than in the class.	is tait as I cici.		
	tallest in the class.			
	most tall in the class.			
	e tall than in the class	•		
			o indicate the sente	ence that best combines each pair
•	the following question			
-	left home. Then I rea		• •	
-	g left home did I realiz	-	•	
B. When havin	g left home did I reali	ze how much m	y family meant to r	ne.
C. Not until I h	ad left home did I rea	lize how much r	ny family meant to	me.
D. Before I rea	lized how much my fa	amily meant to n	ne did I leave home	<b>).</b>
Question 50: V	We didn't want to swi	m in the river. It	looked very dirty.	
	ant to swim in the riv			
	ant to swim in the riv		•	
	ant to swim in the riv		•	
	ant to swim in the riv		•	
		,	J = -J =	
		<b>T</b> ]	HE END	

#### SỞ GD&ĐT HẢI DƯƠNG TRƯ**ỜNG THPT CHUYÊN** NGUY**ĒN TRÃI**

KỲ THI NĂNG KHIẾU LẦN THỨ 2 NĂM HỌC 2022-2023 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10 A1

Ngày thi: 14/11/2022

Mã đề:401

		eet to indicate the word who f the following questions.	ose underlined part differs
			D reliable
Ouestion 2: A almond	B. mina.  B. sesame	C. sp <u>i</u> ne C. avoc <u>a</u> do	D massage
			phose underlined part differs
	•	tress in each of the following	
Question 4: A stimulat	B. ungrateri R. skeleton	ul C. extended C. pyramid	D. digestive
Question 4. A. sumura	D. SKCICIOII	C. pyrainid	D. digestive
	C, or D on your answe	er sheet to indicate the co	rrect answer to each of the
following questions.		1 10th	
	is said in t		5.1.1.11
	built B. to be built		D. being built
	avoid my questi		
		C. to answer	
accident.			ls were put into the computer
A. in	B. by	C. on	D. of
			lives on the farm like their of find well – paid jobs in the
fast - growing industrial			
A. long –term	B. weather-beaten	C. up to date.	D. wide-ranging
Question 9: There is no	doubt that a language	throughout the wor	ld would do much to bring
countries closer to each	other.		
A. commonly us	sing B. is	s commonly used	
C. was common	ly used D. c	ommonly used	
	lunch by the time we		
A. finished	B. had finished	C. has finished	D. finishing
	me, I shopping v		6
	B. will go		D. would have gone
	d to know whose car I had	_	z wome nave gone
			D. the previous night
Ouestion 13:	he arrived at the bu	s stop when the bus came.	Di the previous inghe
A No sooner ha	d B. Hardly had	C Not until had	D. Hardly has
Ouestion 14. My father	still hasn't really	the death of my mother.	D. Hardry Has
A. look after	R taken after	C. recovered from	D. gone off
		to maintain good eye	
	B. touch	C. link	D. connection
	tter if we want to ge		D. connection
			D. nut down
A. take up	B. turn down		D. put down
	of my family share the		D house
A. homework		C. household	D. housework
Question 18: Don't Wo	rry. He'll do the job as	as possible.	D ' 11
A. economizing	B. economic	C. economical	D. economically

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 19 to 23.

Have you ever felt a sudden feeling of joy because you heard a favorite song playing? Then you know that music can have a strong effect on your emotions. Try to take advantage of this power of music.

It can help get you out of a bad mood or stay in a good mood, says Alicia Ann Clair, professor of music therapy at the University of Kansas. Music can also help you relax and feel rejuvenated.

To cheer up or boost your energy, listen to Latin music or anything with a strong beat, lots of percussion, and a fast tempo. When you want to relax after a busy day, music with string instruments and woodwinds, less percussion, and a slower tempo can **calm** you.

Listen to calming music before you start any stressful activities, advises Dr. Clair. "Once you're in a good state of mind, it's easier to maintain it." You can lower stress at work with music, too, by playing relaxing tunes. But only play them when you really need **them.** You can change your mood by switching from one kind of music to another. For example, first play some nice gentle ballads, and then listen to something more energetic. When you want to calm down after a busy week at work, just do the opposite.

(Adapted from Strategic Reading by Richards and Eckstut-Didier)

(4	raupted from Strategic Redaints by Richards and Eckstat Blater)
Question 19. What is the passage mainly	about?
A. The importance of listening to mus	B. The connection between music and moods
C. Benefits of listening to music	D. New ways to listen to music
Question 20. Which of the following is I	NOT mentioned in paragraph 1 as a benefit of listening to music?
A. It can help you relax.	B. It can make you feel more energetic.
C. It can cheer you up.	D. It can help you concentrate on your study.
Question 21. The word 'calm' in paragra	uph 2 is closest in meaning to make somebody more
A. worried B. busy	C. relaxed D. intelligent
Question 22. The word 'them' in paragra	aph 3 refers to
A. activities B. ballads	C. relaxing tunes D. instruments
Question 23. Which of the following is N	IOT true, according to the passage?
A. You should play relaxing tunes at a	ll times to make you less tired.
B. It's a good idea to listen to gentle n	nusic before you do some stressful work.
C. Music with a strong beat can make	you happier.
D. You can change your feelings by sv	vitching music.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	swer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of
the following exchanges.	
Question 24:	1
- "You're already leaving? The ball is or	
- "But it's very late, so	"
A. take care	B. goodbye for now
C. have a good day	D. It's great fun, thanks
Question 25: "Would you say that Engli	sh is a global language?" – " ".
A. Yes, it has.	B. I like it.

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 26 to 33.

D. Oh, absolutely.

C. I don't understand the difference.

A few years ago I moved with my family from the city to the country, and we now live in an old farmhouse on the edge of a village. The house itself was built in the 1800s and looks like something out of a novel. It's an old stone house with very thick walls. These walls make the house slow to heat up in the winter, so we always have a fire in the living room fire place in the winter months. And it is always cool inside in the summer – too cool, actually, as the English summers never get that warm!

For an old house, the ceilings are quite high, but they are also thin. They are just the wooden floors of the upstairs rooms. When the lights are on in the kitchen, they shine through the floorboards into the bedroom above! And when you walk around upstairs, you can hear every step downstairs. Downstairs, the floor are made of black stone and are old and uneven. In fact, the whole house isn't straight. If you put a ball in the middle of the dining room, it rolls immediately into the far right-hand corner.

The best thing about the house is the living room. It is a lovely, light room and I can spend hours looking out of the window. The view is made even more interesting because the window has the original glass in it, and each small pane of glass is different and **alters** the view outside. From the sofa you can

look straight into the garden, and to the fields beyond. The scene is always changing and there is always something to see, including lots of different wildlife.

It has taken me a while to appreciate this view, though. For a long time I missed the noise and the **bustle** of city life. I preferred to see people, shops and buses on my way to school, not fields and trees. And it took me a long while to be able to sleep well at night – it was too quiet! Now I've got used to country life. I cycle everywhere and I like the space and freedom. But I never wait too long before going back and visiting my old friends in the city!

<b>Question 26:</b> The old farmhouse					
A. was built by the narrator's family.	B. takes a very long time to g	get warm.			
C. is better for the summer than for the winter.	D. was described in a book a	long time ago.			
<b>Question 27:</b> Inside the farmhouse					
A. the stairs make a lot of noise.	B. there are very interesting l	_			
C. the floors upstairs aren't very thick.	D. there's enough room to play ball games.				
<b>Question 28:</b> Which is true about the living room?	•				
A. The window is good for observing animals.					
B. It's a bit dark as the windows are very small.					
C. The window had to be changed recently.					
D. Each window looks out onto different scenery.					
Question 29: The narrator					
A. used to like the city sights and sounds.	± 7	•			
C. wanted to move here for the views.	D. can't wait to move back to the city.				
<b>Question 30:</b> According to the text, the narrator	·				
A. is planning to move back to the city.					
B. has got used to living in the country but doesn't	feel happy.				
C. enjoys the life in the country now.					
D. still prefers the city life.					
<b>Question 31:</b> The highlighted word "alters" in the					
A. holds B. enjoys	C. transforms	D. presents			
Question 32: The highlighted word "bustle" in the					
A. quietness B. a busy manner	<u> </u>	D. relaxation			
Question 33: What is the overall tone of the reading	<del>-</del>				
A. critical B. nostalgic	C. ironic	D. descriptive			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet in each of the following questions.  Question 34: When you've finished your work sheet A B  Question 35: We've got a terrific amount of work to A B C  Question 36: My boss doesn't allow us to use the results of the state of the	ets, clip them together <u>and</u> han C to do today. D	nd <u>it</u> in to me. <b>D</b>			
${\mathbf{A}}$ $\mathbf{B}$	$\frac{1}{C}$ D				
Read the following passage and mark the letter correct word or phrase that best fits each of the number of the num	to be "smart." Appliances will tell you (37) your fe	communicate with each ood is cooked and ready			
People already use them to keep track of pets and f					
about (39) the items in your cabinets. F	or example, they will record	the date that you bought			
each item. Other devices will "read" this information	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•			
cabinets will tell you to buy it.	•	. •			
In a smart home, you won't have to repair	nt the walls. The walls will (	40) be digital			
screens, like computer or TV screens. The technological					
network will link these walls with everything else in your house. Called "ambient intelligence," this					
computer "brain" will control your entire house.					
house will learn about your likes and dislikes. It will then use that knowledge to control the environment.					

(Adapted from Complete Advanced)

Question 37: Question 38:		B. how B. because of	C. who C. instead of	D. that D. despite
Question 39:		B. every	C. any	D. each
<b>Question 40:</b>	A. definitely	B. really	C. actually	D. completely
<b>Question 41:</b>	A. access	B. fit	C. apply	D. adapt

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 42: "The table is too heavy for me to move alone."

A. light B. easy C. old D. bulky

Question 43: "That is a well-behaved boy whose behaviour has nothing to complain about."

A. behaving nice B. behaving cleverly C. good behaviour D. behaving improperly

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Question 44:** The whole village was <u>wiped out</u> in the bombing raids.

A. changed completely

B. cleaned well

C. destroyed completely

D. removed quickly

Question 45: A brief outline of the course and bibliography were <a href="handed out">handed out</a> to the students at the first

meeting.

A. discarded B. showed up C. distributed D. contributed

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

**Question 46:** I left home. Then I realized how much my family meant to me.

- A. Not until I had left home did I realize how much my family meant to me.
- B. When having left home did I realize how much my family meant to me.
- C. After having left home did I realize how much my family meant to me.
- D. Before I realized how much my family meant to me did I leave home.

Question 47: We didn't want to swim in the river. It looked very dirty.

- A. We didn't want to swim in the river, where looked very dirty.
- B. We didn't want to swim in the river, which looked very dirty.
- C. We didn't want to swim in the river, in which looked very dirty.
- D. We didn't want to swim in the river, that looked very dirty.

# Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

**Ouestion 48:** *No one in the class is as tall as Peter.* 

- A. Peter is taller than in the class.
- B. Peter is the tallest in the class.
- C. Peter is the most tall in the class.
- D. Peter is more tall than in the class.

**Question 49:** Success in the academic field depends on your ability to amass qualifications.

- A. If you are able to amass qualifications, you will succeed to learn academic fields.
- B. The more you are able to amass qualifications, the more successful you will be in the academic field.
- C. The more able you are to amass qualifications, the more success you achieve in the academic field.
- D. You should be able to amass qualifications, otherwise you will succeed in the academic field.

**Question 50:** Her success went beyond her expectation.

A. She had always expected success.	B. Her expectation was not on her success.
C. She had expected that she would succeed.	D. Never had she expected success.

----- THE END -----